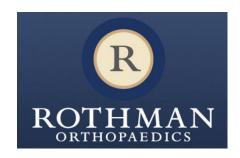
Brandon J. Erickson, MD Montanna Casey, ATC Mackenzie Lindeman, ATC Terry Lin, PA-C 645 Madison Ave New York, NY 200 White Plains Rd 4<sup>th</sup> Floor Tarrytown, NY 450 Mamaroneck Ave Suite 200 Harrison, NY

Phone: 914-580-9624

<u>Montanna.Casey@rothmanortho.com</u> Mackenzie.Lindeman@rothmanortho.com

Terry. Lin@rothmanortho.com www.brandonericksonmd.com



# **Reverse Shoulder Arthroplasty Discharge Instructions**

# PAIN MANAGEMENT

• INTERSCALENE NERVE BLOCK - A combination of local anesthetics are used to numb your shoulder and arm so your brain will not receive any pain signals during and immediately after surgery. The length of effect varies from person to person, but the block usually provides 8-12 hours of pain relief. You will notice a gradual increase in pain as this begins to wear off at which time you can increase the frequency of the oral pain medications as needed.

#### ORAL PAIN MEDICATIONS

You will be sent home on a few different pain medications, the combination of which is intended to give you the best pain relief possible as each medication works through a different mechanism of action. Please only take these medications as directed and call our office with any questions or concerns you may have.

# o Tylenol 325 mg

Start by taking one tablet every four to six hours when you arrive home after surgery so
you have some medication on board when the block wears off. You should take this on a
regular schedule for the first few days after surgery

# o Naproxen 500 mg

Take 1 tablet twice per day to help with pain and inflammation. You will take this for 2 weeks.

# Tramadol 50 mg

This is a non-narcotic pain medication used in conjunction with the Norco. You should take this medication every evening 4-6 hours as needed for pain, beginning tonight.

### Oxycodone 5 mg

This is a narcotic medication. Start by taking one tablet every four to six hours if the
 Tylenol and tramadol are not controlling your pain. You may take one to two tablets every four to six hours as needed for pain.

### Lyrica 50 mg (Pregabalin) or Gabapentin 100mg

- This medication is used to help with nerve pain and tingling sensations in your arm after surgery
- The Lyrica is taken this twice daily for two weeks following your surgery
- The Gabapentin is taken three times a day for two weeks following surgery

SIDE EFFECTS OF THESE MEDICATIONS INCLUDE DROWSINESS AND CONSTIPATION. YOU SHOULD NOT DRIVE OR DRINK ALCOHOL WHILE TAKING THESE PAIN MEDICATIONS.

#### ANTI-NAUSEA MEDICATIONS

## o Zofran (ondansetron) 4mg

This is a nausea medication that is only taken if you feel nauseous.

#### OTHER

## Aspirin 81 mg

- Take <u>1 tablet twice daily for 3 weeks</u> following your surgery
- This medication is not used as a pain reliever, but for its anti-platelet effects to help prevent blood clots
- Do not take this medication if you are on another blood thinner

### Pantoprazole/Omeprazole 40mg

This medication is to protect you stomach while you are on the Naproxen

# **ACTIVITY INSTRUCTIONS**

•	_SLING:	6 WEEKS
	0	You will need to wear the sling when you are sleeping and when you are out of the house for 6
		weeks. When in the house, or in a controlled setting, the sling does not need to be warn. You may begin to use the shoulder for normal activities after 1 week. Do not lift anything heavy
	0	_You can adjust the straps on the sling as needed for comfort. Be sure that your arm is
		well-supported and your forearm is parallel to the floor.
	0	_We recommend that you DO NOT drive during the period of time your arm is in the sling
● ICE MACHINE		
	0	_Recommend using 1 hour on, 1 hour off for the first 2 days after surgery while awake
	0	Do not place pad directly on skin – make sure there is a barrier such as a t-shirt or towel
	0	_After the first 2 days you may use the ice machine as needed for comfort
		If you did not receive the ice machine, you may use ice packs on the surgical area 20-30 minutes every 1-2 hours

### **WOUND CARE & BATHING**

#### BANDAGE

You have a waterproof bandage on the incision. As long as this stays clean and dry, this can remain in place until your first follow up appointment.

## BATHING

- You can shower today
- o To wash under your arm, bend forward and allow your arm to hang straight to the ground. You should not attempt to lift your arm overhead to wash under your arm.
- On not submerge the incision in a bath, pool, or hot tub until the sutures are removed and the wound is healed.

# • SUTURE REMOVAL

- You have sutures that dissolve. We will remove the incision at your postoperative appointment
- Keep an eye on your incisions for signs of infection:
  - Excessive drainage that is soaking through your dressing, especially if it is pus-like
  - Redness that is spreading out from the edges of your incision

o Fever or increased warmth around the surgical area

#### **CONTACTING OUR OFFICE**

- When to contact our office immediately:
  - Fever > 101.5°F
  - Excessive bleeding from incision(s)
  - Signs of infection of incision(s)
  - Excruciating pain for which the pain medication is not helping

# PHYSICAL THERAPY

- Physical therapy will not begin until 6 weeks post-op. You will be given an order for this at your 6 week post-op visit.
  - Physical therapy can be done at the facility of your choice.
- You may begin the home exercises listed below <u>tomorrow</u>. You can remove your sling to perform these exercises.
  - o ELBOW MOTION (10-15 repetitions per set | 2 sets | 3 times daily)
    - Remove sling and allow arm to rest at your side (you may perform this sitting or standing).
      Allow your arm to straighten at the side, then gently bend elbow up. Position forearm with thumb facing up.



- HAND AND WRIST EXERCISES (10-15 repetitions per set | 2 sets | 3 times daily)
  - With your arm comfortably supported, gently bend wrist back and forth.
  - Curl the fingers into the palm to make a loose fist and then straighten them out.

